GLOBAL REPORTING INITIATIVE (GRI) III

G4 INDICATO	R GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
Strategy and a	i e		
G4-1	Provide a statement from the most senior decision-maker of the organisation (such as CEO, chair, or equivalent senior position) about the relevance of sustainability to the organisation and the organisation's strategy for addressing sustainability.	Strategy and analysis	This is addressed in the Comments from the CEO, page 15, and Chairman's Report, page 83 of the Integrated Report (IR)
G4-2	Provide a description of key impacts, risks and opportunities in two concise narratives: 1) The organisation's key impacts on sustainability and effects on stakeholders 2) Impact of sustainability trends on the long-term prospects of the organisation	Strategy and analysis	Business risk has been assessed as part of the enterprise-wide risk identification and management system, page 55. Strategic focus areas are highlighted on page 9. Further information on material risks can be found on page 34 of the IR
Organisational	profile		
G4-3	Report the name of the organisation.	Organisational profile	Oceana Group; see section about this report, page 12
G4-4	Report the primary brands, products, and services.	Organisational profile	Oceana's fishing business consists of canned fish, fishmeal, fish oil, lobster, horse mackerel, squid and hake. Oceana also operates a cold storage business and a French fries business. See Group at a Glance, pages 22-23 of the IR
G4-5	Report the location of the organisation's headquarters.	Organisational profile	Oceana House, 25 Jan Smuts Street, Foreshore, Cape Town
G4-6	Report the number of countries where the organisation operates, and names of countries where either the organisation has significant operations or that are specifically relevant to the sustainability topics covered in the report.	Organisational profile	Oceana has operations in South Africa and Namibia. See Group at a Glance, pages 22-23 of the IR and the inside cover of the IR
G4-7	Report the nature of ownership and legal form.	Organisational profile	Oceana Group was incorporated in 1918 and is listed on the Johannesburg and Namibian Stock Exchanges. See Group Profile, page 7, and Group at a Glance, pages 22-23 of the IR
G4-8	Report the markets served (including geographic breakdown, sectors served, and types of customers and beneficiaries).	Organisational profile	Oceana Group markets its products globally. See <u>Group at a Glance</u> , pages 22-23 of the IR
G4-9	Report the scale of the organisation, including: Total number of employees Total number of operations Net sales (for private sector organisations) or net revenues (for public sector organisations) Total capitalisation broken down in terms of debt and equity (for private sector organisations) Quantity of products or services provided	Organisational profile	See the following sections in the IR: The Group at a Glance, pages 22-23, How we create Value, pages 26-27, Group performance against strategy, pages 38-60, Divisional Performance Reviews, pages 66-78 (Lucky star; Horse mackerel and hake; Lobster, squid and French fries; CCS Logistics), and the condensed group financial statements, pages 106-110
G4-10	 a. Report the total number of employees by employment contract and gender. b. Report the total number of permanent employees by employment type and gender. c. Report the total workforce by employees and supervised workers and by gender. d. Report the total workforce by region and gender. e. Report whether a substantial portion of the organisation's work is performed by workers who are legally recognised as self-employed, or by individuals other than employees or supervised workers, including employees and supervised employees of contractors. f. Report any significant variations in employment numbers (such as seasonal variations in employment in the tourism or agricultural industries). 	Organisational profile	See Number of Employees, page 33, and Workforce Occupational Levels, page 35 of the SDR
G4-11	Report the percentage of total employees covered by collective bargaining agreements.	Organisational profile	67% of the workforce is unionised. See Empowering People, page 33 of the SDR
G4-12	Describe the organisation's supply chain.	Organisational profile	See Group at a Glance of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-13	Report any significant changes during the reporting period regarding the organisation's size, structure, ownership, or its supply chain, including:	Organisational profile	See About this Report, page 1 of the SDR
	 Changes in the location of, or changes in, operations, including facility openings, closings, and expansions Changes in the share capital structure and other capital formation, maintenance, and alteration operations (for private spectra graphications) 		
	 sector organisations) Changes in the location of suppliers, the structure of the supply chain, or in relationships with suppliers, including selection and termination 		
G4-14	Report whether and how the precautionary approach or principle is addressed by the organisation.	Organisational profile	Oceana is committed to integrating the 10 principles of the Global Compact into the strategy. Principle 7 is the precautionary approach. See <u>United Nations Global Compact</u> , pages 16 and 29 of the SDR
G4-15	List externally developed economic, environmental and social charters, principles, or other initiatives to which the organisation subscribes or which it endorses.	Organisational profile	Oceana is committed to integrating the 10 principles of the Global Compact into the strategy. See <u>United Nations Global</u> <u>Compact</u> , page 55 of the IR, and page 16 of the SDR
G4-16	List memberships of associations (such as industry associations) and national or international advocacy organisations in which the organisation: Holds a position on the governance body Participates in projects or committees Provides substantive funding beyond routine membership dues Views membership as strategic	Organisational profile	See <u>Understanding our Stakeholders'</u> <u>Interests</u> (other business and business bodies), page 33 of the IR
Identified materia	al aspects and boundaries		
G4-17	 a. List all entities included in the organisation's consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents. b. Report whether any entity included in the organisation's consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents is not covered by the report. 	Identified material aspects and boundaries	The group's key divisions are Lucky Star, Blue Continent Products, Oceana Lobster, Calamari Fishing, Lamberts Bay Foods and Commercial Cold Storage. See Group at a Glance, pages 22-23 of the IR
G4-18	 a. Explain the process for defining the report content and the aspect boundaries. b. Explain how the organisation has implemented the reporting principles for defining report content. 	Identified material aspects and boundaries	Oceana has assessed materiality as part of the enterprise-wide risk identification and management system. See Material Risks, pages 34-35, Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 30-33 of the IR, and Strategic Objectives, page 9 of the IR.
G4-19	List all the material aspects identified in the process for defining report content.	Identified material aspects and boundaries	See Issues impacting our Strategy, page 9 of the IR
G4-20	For each material aspect, report the aspect boundary within the organisation, as follows: Report whether the aspect is material within the organisation If the aspect is not material for all entities within the organisation (as described in G4-17), select one of the following two approaches and report either: The list of entities or groups of entities included in G4-17 for which the aspect is not material or The list of entities or groups of entities included in G4-17 for which the aspect is material Report any specific limitation regarding the aspect boundary within the organisation	Identified material aspects and boundaries	See About this Report, page 12 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-21	For each material aspect, report the aspect boundary outside the organisation, as follows: Report whether the aspect is material outside of the organisation If the aspect is material outside of the organisation, identify the	Identified material aspects and boundaries	We will review the feasibility and merit of reporting more fully on this indicator and, if possible and appropriate, we will report in more detail on this issue in future.
	entities, groups of entities or elements for which the aspect is material. In addition, describe the geographical location where the aspect is material for the entities identified Report any specific limitation regarding the aspect boundary		
	outside the organisation		
G4-22	Report the effect of any restatements of information provided in previous reports, and the reasons for such restatements.	Identified material aspects and boundaries	Fuel consumption has been restated for F2013 due to the decision made to report chartered vessel fuel for F2014 under Scope 3 emissions. See Usage and Energy Table, page 45 of the SDR
G4-23	Report significant changes from previous reporting periods in the scope and aspect boundaries.	Identified material aspects and boundaries	See About this Report, page 12 of the IR
Stakeholder enga	ngement		
G4-24	Provide a list of stakeholder groups engaged by the organisation.	Stakeholder engagement	See Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 30-33 of the IR
G4-25	Report the basis for identification and selection of stakeholders with whom to engage.	Stakeholder engagement	See Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 30-33 of the IR
G4-26	Report the organisation's approach to stakeholder engagement, including frequency of engagement by type and by stakeholder group, and an indication of whether any of the engagement was undertaken specifically as part of the report preparation process.	Stakeholder engagement	See Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 30-33 of the IR
G4-27	Report key topics and concerns that have been raised through stakeholder engagement, and how the organisation has responded to those key topics and concerns, including through its reporting. Report the stakeholder groups that raised each of the key topics and concerns.	Stakeholder engagement	See <u>Understanding our Stakeholders'</u> <u>Interests</u> , pages 30-33 of the IR
Report profile	and concernor	I	
G4-28	Reporting period (such as fiscal or calendar year) for information provided	Report profile	This report covers the 12-month period ending 30 September 2014. See About this Report, page 12 of the IR
G4-29	Date of most recent report (if any)	Report profile	30 September 2014. See About this Report
G4-30	Reporting cycle	Report profile	Annual, see About this Report
G4-31	Provide the contact point for questions regarding the report or its contents	Report profile	jillianm@oceana.co.za
GRI Content Index	(
G4-32	 a. Report the 'in accordance' option the organisation has chosen. b. Report the GRI Content Index for the chosen option (see tables below). c. Report the reference to the External Assurance Report, if the report has been externally assured. GRI recommends the use of external assurance but it is not a requirement to be 'in accordance' with the Guidelines. 	GRI Content Index	This document, available on the Oceana website
Assurance		1	
G4-33	 a. Report the organisation's policy and current practice with regard to seeking external assurance for the report. b. If not included in the assurance report accompanying the sustainability report, report the scope and basis of any external assurance provided. c. Report the relationship between the organisation and the assurance providers. d. Report whether the highest governance body or senior executives are involved in seeking assurance for the organisation's sustainability report. 	Assurance	See About this Report, page 12 of the IR, and About this Report, page 1 of the SDR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
Governance			
G4-34	Report the governance structure of the organisation, including committees of the highest governance body. Identify any committees responsible for decision-making on economic, environmental and social impacts.	Governance	Details: the directorate, pages 86-87 of the IR, executive committee, pages 88-89 of the IR and board committees, pages 93-95 of the IR
G4-35	Report the process for delegating authority for economic, environmental and social topics from the highest governance body to senior executives and other employees.	Governance	See <u>Corporate Governance</u> , page 94 of the IR
G4-36	Report whether the organisation has appointed an executive-level position or positions with responsibility for economic, environmental and social topics and whether post holders report directly to the highest governance body.	Governance	See Corporate Governance, page 94 of the IR
G4-37	Report processes for consultation between stakeholders and the highest governance body on economic, environmental and social topics. If consultation is delegated, explain to whom and any feedback processes to the highest governance body.	Governance	Oceana strives for meaningful stakeholder engagement, with the aim on mitigating risks and identifying opportunities. The executive committee has invested significant time in fostering good relations with government departments. See Understanding our Stakeholders ' Interests, pages 30-33 of the IR
G4-38	Report the composition of the highest governance body and its committees by: Executive or non-executive Independence Tenure on the governance body Number of each individual's significant other positions and commitments, and the nature of the commitments Gender Membership of underrepresented social groups Competencies relating to economic, environmental and social impacts	Governance	Detail of the directorate See Governance, pages 82-102 of the IR, executive committee, page 88 of the IR and board committees, page 93 of the IR. Oceana Group has 11 directors, eight non-executives, four of whom are independent (two are females). Mr S Pather is the lead independent director. See Directorate, page 86 of the IR
G4-39	Stakeholder representation Report whether the chair of the highest governance body is also an executive officer (and if so, his or her function within the organisation's management and the reasons for this arrangement)	Governance	The chairman, Mustaq Ahmed Brey, is a non-executive director. See <u>Directorate</u> , page 86 of the IR
G4-40	Report the nomination and selection processes for the highest governance body and its committees, and the criteria used for nominating and selecting highest governance body members, including: Whether and how diversity is considered Whether and how independence is considered Whether and how expertise and experience relating to economic, environmental and social topics are considered Whether and how stakeholders (including shareholders) are involved	Governance	The remuneration and nominations committee uses the policy on selection and appointment of directors to review board members' qualifications, competence, gender, diversity and independence to establish the gaps before recruitment process is undertaken.
G4-41	Report processes for the highest governance body to ensure conflicts of interest are avoided and managed. Report whether conflicts of interest are disclosed to stakeholders, including, as a minimum: Cross-board membership Cross-shareholding with suppliers and other stakeholders Existence of controlling shareholder Related-party disclosures	Governance	The directors and senior management are required to submit a list of other directorships and interests in contracts with Oceana. See Conflict of Interest and Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, page 92 of the IR
G4-42	Report the highest governance body's and senior executives' roles in the development, approval, and updating of the organisation's purpose, value or mission statements, strategies, policies, and goals related to economic, environmental and social impacts.	Governance	Group and Subsidiaries' Governance Framework, page 91 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-43	Report the measures taken to develop and enhance the highest governance body's collective knowledge of economic, environmental and social topics.	Governance	See pages 93-94 of the IR. Continuing professional development (CPD) of individual directors is encouraged; however, the company does not implement specific in-house programmes to address this. Directors are expected to attend to this requirement according to their profession's prescriptions, through attendance at seminars, presentations and workshops, and by following business reporting in the media. See Induction of Directors, page 95 of the IR.
G4-44	 a. Report the processes for evaluation of the highest governance body's performance with respect to governance of economic, environmental and social topics. Report whether such evaluation is independent or not, and its frequency. Report whether such evaluation is a self-assessment. b. Report actions taken in response to evaluation of the highest governance body's performance with respect to governance of economic, environmental and social topics, including, as a minimum, changes in membership and organisational practice. 	Governance	Formal evaluations of the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors were carried out during the year. Currently the board is not evaluated on its environmental/social/economic performance; however, appraisals do include these criteria. See Board Evaluation, page 95 of the IR
G4-45	 a. Report the highest governance body's role in the identification and management of economic, environmental and social impacts, risks, and opportunities. Include the highest governance body's role in the implementation of due diligence processes. b. Report whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the highest governance body's identification and management of economic, environmental and social impacts, risks and opportunities. 	Governance	
G4-46	Report the highest governance body's role in reviewing the effectiveness of the organisation's risk management processes for economic, environmental and social topics.	Governance	The social, ethics and transformation committee has board oversight of sustainability. See Social, Ethics and Transformation, page 102 of the IR
G4-47	Report the frequency of the highest governance body's review of economic, environmental and social impacts, risks and opportunities.	Governance	The social, ethics and transformation committee's charter requires a minimum of two meetings per year, which were duly held and fully attended by all members. See Social, Ethics and Transformation, page 102 of the IR
G4-48	Report the highest committee or position that formally reviews and approves the organisation's sustainability report and ensures that all material aspects are covered.	Governance	The board reviews the sustainable development report. The social, ethics and transformation committee has board oversight of sustainability. See Sustainability Governance, page 26 of the SDR
G4-49	Report the process for communicating critical concerns to the highest governance body.	Governance	Oceana strives for meaningful stakeholder engagement, with the aim of mitigating risks and identifying opportunities. We ensure clear designation and appointment of executive and management responsibility for engagement and compliance. See <u>Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests</u> , pages 30 of the IR
G4-50	Report the nature and total number of critical concerns that were communicated to the highest governance body and the mechanism(s) used to address and resolve them.	Governance	See Management Reporting Mechanisms, page 97 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-51	 a. Report the remuneration policies for the highest governance body and senior executives for the types of remuneration below: Fixed pay and variable pay: Performance-based pay Equity-based pay Bonuses Deferred or vested shares Sign-on bonuses or recruitment incentive payments Termination payments Clawbacks Retirement benefits, including the difference between benefit schemes and contribution rates for the highest governance body, senior executives, and all other employees B. Report how performance criteria in the remuneration policy relate to the highest governance body's and senior executives' economic, environmental and social objectives. 	Governance	The remuneration and nominations committee considers compensation and performance of the board. See Remuneration, page 98 of the IR
G4-52	Report the process for determining remuneration. Report whether remuneration consultants are involved in determining remuneration and whether they are independent of management. Report any other relationships which the remuneration consultants have with the organisation.	Governance	The board has delegated the responsibility for remuneration to the remuneration and nomination committee. See Remuneration, page 98 of the IR
G4-53	Report how stakeholders' views are sought and taken into account regarding remuneration, including the results of votes on remuneration policies and proposals, if applicable.	Governance	Oceana strives for meaningful stakeholder engagement, with the aim on mitigating risks and identifying opportunities. The executive committee has invested significant time in fostering good relations with government departments. See Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 30-31 of the IR
G4-54	Report the ratio of the annual total compensation for the organisation's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country.	Governance	We do not report publicly on this ratio.
G4-55	Report the ratio of percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organisation's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country.	Governance	We do not report publicly on this ratio.
Ethics and integr	ity		
G4-56	Describe the organisation's values, principles, standards and norms of behaviour such as codes of conduct and codes of ethics.	Ethics and integrity	The Oceana values are stated on page 8 of the IR. The business code of conduct and ethics is reported on page 92 of the IR
G4-57	Report the internal and external mechanisms for seeking advice on ethical and lawful behaviour, and matters related to organisational integrity, such as helplines or advice lines.	Ethics and integrity	Whistle Blowers is an independent information gathering company, which offers an anonymous and secure platform for whistleblowing. See http://www.oceana.co.za/about-oceana/whistleblowers
G4-58	Report the internal and external mechanisms for reporting concerns about unethical or unlawful behaviour, and matters related to organisational integrity, such as escalation through line management, whistleblowing mechanisms or hotlines.	Ethics and integrity	Whistle Blowers is an independent information gathering company, which offers an anonymous and secure platform for whistleblowing. See http://www.oceana.co.za/about-oceana/whistleblowers

	OR GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ECONOMIC			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Economic performance	Economic performance is presented. See the following sections: condensed group financial statements, page 106 of the IR Value Added Statement, page 4 of the IR How we create Value, page 26 of the IR How We Deliver Social Value, page 3 of the SDR The status of fish stocks is discussed in SDR Section 1: Food security and the Marine Resources, pages 9-12, and the scientific status of fish stocks is published on our website (a summary is provided in the Appendix of the SDR)
G4-EC1	DIRECT ECONOMIC VALUE GENERATED AND DISTRIBUTED a. Report the direct economic value generated and distributed (EVG&D) on an accruals basis, including the basic components for the organisation's global operations as listed below. If data is presented on a cash basis, report the justification for this decision and report the basic components as listed below: • Direct economic value generated: - Revenues - Economic value distributed - Operating costs - Payments to local communities as part of land use agreements, not including land purchases - Employee wages and benefits - Payments to providers of capital - Community investments • Economic value retained (calculated as 'Direct economic value generated' less 'Economic value distributed') • Report countries of operation that are either candidate to or compliant with the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) b. To better assess local economic impacts, report EVG&D separately at country, regional or market levels, where significant. Report the criteria used for defining significance.	Economic performance	See Value Added Statement, page 4 of the IR
G4-EC2	FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS AND OTHER RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE ORGANISATION'S ACTIVITIES DUE TO CLIMATE CHANGE Report risks and opportunities posed by climate change that have the potential to generate substantive changes in operations, revenue or expenditure, including: • A description of the risk or opportunity and its classification as either physical, regulatory, or other • A description of the impact associated with the risk or opportunity • The financial implications of the risk or opportunity before action is taken • The methods used to manage the risk or opportunity • The costs of actions taken to manage the risk or opportunity	Economic performance	Variation in availability of marine resources due to human action. See SDR Section 3: Enhancing Efficiency through Environmental Management, pages 18-22. Cost pressures due to climate change have not yet been quantified. We recognise extreme weather can cause damage to operations. Changes in ocean temperature could mean that fish stocks perish and operations would need to be relocated. Oceana commissioned a climate change adaption white paper at a cost of R94 000. Further details can be found in our latest Carbon Footprint Report

	R GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EC3	COVERAGE OF THE ORGANISATION'S DEFINED-BENEFIT PLAN	Economic	See Annual Financial Statements –
	OBLIGATIONS	performance	defined-benefit plan on page 8 and
	a. Where the plan's liabilities are met by the organisation's general		note 26, page 33
	resources, report the estimated value of those liabilities.		
	b. Where a separate fund exists to pay the plan's pension		
	liabilities, report:		
	The extent to which the scheme's liabilities are estimated		
	to be covered by the assets that have been set aside to		
	meet them The basis on which that estimate has been arrived at		
	The basis on which that estimate has been arrived at When that estimate was made		
	c. Where a fund set up to pay the plan's pension liabilities is not		
	fully covered, explain the strategy, if any, adopted by the		
	employer to work towards full coverage, and the timescale, if		
	any, by which the employer hopes to achieve full coverage.		
	d. Report the percentage of salary contributed by employee or		
	employer.		
	e. Report the level of participation in retirement plans (such as		
	participation in mandatory or voluntary schemes, regional or		
	country-based schemes, or those with financial impact).		
G4-EC4	FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT	Economic	Not material. We do not receive any
	a. Report the total monetary value of financial assistance received	performance	significant financial assistance from
	by the organisation from governments during the reporting		government.
	period, including, as a minimum:		
	Tax relief and tax credits		
	 Subsidies 		
	 Investment grants, research and development grants, and 		
	other relevant types of grants		
	Awards		
	Royalty holidays		
	 Financial assistance from export credit agencies (ECAs) 		
	Financial incentives		
	 Other financial benefits received or receivable from any 		
	government for any operation		
	b. Report the information above by country.		
	c. Report whether, and the extent to which, the government is		
	present in the shareholding structure.		
ASPECT: Market		T	
G4-EC5	RATIOS OF STANDARD ENTRY LEVEL WAGE BY GENDER	Market presence	All employees in the bargaining unit are
	COMPARED TO LOCAL MINIMUM WAGE AT SIGNIFICANT		paid in line with an agreement which
	LOCATIONS OF OPERATION		includes minimum rates of pay. Currently
	a. When a significant proportion of the workforce is compensated		we do not collect data; this will be done in
	based on wages subject to minimum wage rules, report the ratio		the future.
	of the entry-level wage by gender at significant locations of		
	operation to the minimum wage.		
	b. Report whether a local minimum wage is absent or variable at significant locations of operation, by gender. In circumstances		
	in which different minimums could be used as a reference,		
	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used.		
	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of		
G4-F06	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'.	Market presence	Oceana is committed to the EE Act 55 and
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE	Market presence	
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation regarding our hiring policies.
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant locations of operation that are hired from the local community.	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation regarding our hiring policies. See SDR Section 2: Empowering people,
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant locations of operation that are hired from the local community. b. Report the definition of 'senior management' used.	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation regarding our hiring policies.
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant locations of operation that are hired from the local community. b. Report the definition of 'senior management' used. c. Report the organisation's geographical definition of 'local'.	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation regarding our hiring policies. See SDR Section 2: Empowering people,
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant locations of operation that are hired from the local community. b. Report the definition of 'senior management' used. c. Report the organisation's geographical definition of 'local'. d. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of	Market presence	is committed to ongoing localisation regarding our hiring policies. See SDR Section 2: Empowering people,
G4-EC6	in which different minimums could be used as a reference, report which minimum wage is being used. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'. PROPORTION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT HIRED FROM THE LOCAL COMMUNITY AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of senior management at significant locations of operation that are hired from the local community. b. Report the definition of 'senior management' used. c. Report the organisation's geographical definition of 'local'.	Market presence	regarding our hiring policies. See SDR Section 2: Empowering people,

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
	economic impacts	Indianak accurati	Information is available
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Indirect economic impacts	Information is provided in: Value Added Statement, page 4 of the IR How we create Value, page 26 of the IR; How We Deliver Social Value, page 3 of the SDR. The status of fish stocks is discussed in SDR Section 1: Food security and the Marine Resources, pages 9-12, and the scientific status of fish stocks is publishe on our website (a summary is provided in the appendix of the SDR)
G4-EC7	DEVELOPMENT AND IMPACT OF INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS AND SERVICES SUPPORTED a. Report the extent of development of significant infrastructure investments and services supported. b. Report the current or expected impacts on communities and local economies. Report positive and negative impacts where relevant. c. Report whether these investments and services are commercial, in-kind, or pro bono engagements.	Indirect economic impacts	See the Stratecon Report Extract and Value Added Ten-year Trend on page 3 of the SDR. The Oceana Foundation was launched in 2011 to consolidate the overall CSI expenditure by the group. See SDR Section 4: Building Trust with our Stakeholders, pages 23-25
G4-EC8	SIGNIFICANT INDIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACTS, INCLUDING THE EXTENT OF IMPACTS a. Report examples of the significant identified positive and negative indirect economic impacts the organisation has. These may include: • Changing the productivity of organisations, sectors, or the whole economy • Economic development in areas of high poverty • Economic impact of improving or deteriorating social or environmental conditions • Availability of products and services for those on low incomes • Enhancing skills and knowledge among a professional community or in a geographical region • Jobs supported in the supply chain or distribution chain • Stimulating, enabling, or limiting foreign direct investment • Economic impact of change in location of operations or activities • Economic impact of the use of products and services b. Report the significance of the impacts in the context of external benchmarks and stakeholder priorities, such as national and international standards, protocols, and policy agendas.	Indirect economic impacts	Information is provided in: How We Shared Value in 2014, page 4 of the IR How we create Value, page 26 of the IR How We Deliver Social Value, page 3 of the SDR
ASPECT: Procure G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Procurement practices	The internal audit approved plan for 2014 included the review of raw fish procurement. See What We Do, pages 10-11 of the IR
G4-EC9	PROPORTION OF SPENDING ON LOCAL SUPPLIERS AT SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the percentage of the procurement budget used for significant locations of operation spent on suppliers local to that operation (such as percentage of products and services purchased locally). b. Report the organisation's geographical definition of 'local'. c. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'.	Procurement practices	Expenditure with B-BBEE suppliers decreased to R1,38 billion in 2014, from R1,43 billion in 2013. See Preferential Procurement, page 14 of the SDR

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Reserve ENVIRONMENTAL			
ASPECT: Materia			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Materials	See SDR Section 3: Enhancing Efficiency through Environmental Management, pages 18-23
G4-EN1	MATERIALS USED BY WEIGHT OR VOLUME a. Report the total weight or volume of materials that are used to produce and package the organisation's primary products and services during the reporting period, by: • Non-renewable materials used • Renewable materials used	Materials	See <u>Usage of Resources</u> table, page 45 of the SDR
G4-EN2	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIALS USED THAT ARE RECYCLED INPUT MATERIALS a. Report the percentage of recycled input materials used to manufacture the organisation's primary products and services.	Materials	Currently very little of our primary packaging contains recycled material. Food integrity is of prime importance and we are unable to use recycled content in certain products. Lobster and horse mackerel carton packing boxes use recycled material. The hake and can carton packaging material uses 15% recycled material. A percentage of the metals used in the manufacturing process of the Lucky Star cans and lids are from recycled material. The percentage varies per batch received and has not been quantified.
ASPECT: Energy			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Energy	Oceana consumed 2 201 terajoules of energy. See Energy and GHG Emission Management, page 19 of the SDR
G4-EN3	ENERGY CONSUMPTION WITHIN THE ORGANISATION a. Report total fuel consumption from non-renewable sources in joules or multiples, including fuel types used. b. Report total fuel consumption from renewable fuel sources in joules or multiples, including fuel types used. c. Report in joules, watt-hours or multiples, the total: • Electricity consumption • Heating consumption • Cooling consumption • Steam consumption d. Report in joules, watt-hours or multiples, the total: • Electricity sold • Heating sold • Cooling sold • Steam sold • Report total energy consumption in joules or multiples. f. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used. g. Report the source of the conversion factors used.	Energy	See detail on energy consumption in the Usage of Resources table, page 45 of the SDR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN4	ENERGY CONSUMPTION OUTSIDE OF THE ORGANISATION	Energy	See detail on energy consumption in the
	a. Report energy consumed outside of the organisation, in joules		Usage of Resources table, page 45 of
	or multiples.		the SDR
	b. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
	c. Report the source of the conversion factors used.		
G4-EN5	ENERGY INTENSITY	Energy	See Carbon Footprint Assessment Report,
	a. Report the energy intensity ratio.		Section 2.1 Direct Emissions and
	b. Report the organisation-specific metric (the ratio denominator)		Section 2.2 Indirect Emissions
	chosen to calculate the ratio.		
	c. Report the types of energy included in the intensity ratio: fuel,		
	electricity, heating, cooling, steam, or all.		
	 d. Report whether the ratio uses energy consumed within the organisation, outside of it or both. 		
C4 ENG	-	Enorma	See Energy and CHC Emission
G4-EN6	REDUCTION OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION	Energy	See Energy and GHG Emission
	Report the amount of reductions in energy consumption achieved as a direct result of conservation and efficiency		Management, page 19 of the SDR. See Carbon Footprint Report
	initiatives, in joules or multiples.		See Carbon Footprint Report
	b. Report the types of energy included in the reductions: fuel,		
	electricity, heating, cooling and steam.		
	c. Report the basis for calculating reductions in energy		
	consumption such as base year or baseline, and the rationale for		
	choosing it.		
	d. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
G4-EN7	REDUCTIONS IN ENERGY REQUIREMENTS OF PRODUCTS	Energy	For 2014, please See Carbon Footprint
	AND SERVICES		Report on our website
	a. Report the reductions in the energy requirements of sold		
	products and services achieved during the reporting period,		
	in joules or multiples.		
	b. Report the basis for calculating reductions in energy		
	consumption such as base year or baseline, and the rationale		
	for choosing it.		
	c. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
ASPECT: Water			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Water	See Water Management, pages 21 and 41
	make this aspect material.		of the SDR. See Key Environmental Risks,
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		page 5 of the SDR
	its impacts.		
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach.		
04 FN0	Any related adjustments to the management approach TOTAL WATER WITHER AWAY BY COURSE. TOTAL WATER WITHER AWAY BY COURSE.	\A/-+	Takal manada in al makan mananan man
G4-EN8	TOTAL WATER WITHDRAWAL BY SOURCE	Water	Total municipal water usage was
	a. Report the total volume of water withdrawn from the following		876 398 kilolitres. See Water
	sources: • Surface water, including water from wetlands, rivers, lakes		Management, page 41 of the SDR
	and oceans • Ground water		
	Rainwater collected directly and stored by the organisation		
	Waste water from another organisation		
	Municipal water supplies or other water utilities		
	b. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
	o. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions ased.		

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN9	WATER SOURCES SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECTED BY WITHDRAWAL OF WATER a. Report the total number of water sources significantly affected by withdrawal by type: • Size of water source • Whether or not the source is designated as a protected area (nationally or internationally) • Biodiversity value (such as species diversity and endemism,	Water	Currently all of Oceana's water is sourced from municipal supplies.
	total number of protected species) • Value or importance of water source to local communities and indigenous peoples b. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
G4-EN10	PERCENTAGE AND TOTAL VOLUME OF WATER RECYCLED AND REUSED a. Report the total volume of water recycled and reused by the organisation. b. Report the total volume of water recycled and reused as a percentage of the total water withdrawal reported under Indicator G4-EN8. c. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.	Water	Currently Oceana does not measure this. See <u>Waste Management</u> , page 21 of the SDR.
ASPECT: Biodiver			
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Biodiversity	See What We Do, pages 10-11 of the IR. See Oceana's South African Commercial Fishing Rights measured against the Southern African Sustainable Seafood Initiative, page 11 of the SDR
G4-EN11	OPERATIONAL SITES OWNED, LEASED, MANAGED IN, OR ADJACENT TO, PROTECTED AREAS AND AREAS OF HIGH BIODIVERSITY VALUE OUTSIDE PROTECTED AREAS Report the following information for each operational site owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas: • Geographic location • Subsurface and underground land that may be owned, leased, or managed by the organisation • Position in relation to the protected area (in the area, adjacent to, or containing portions of the protected area) or the high biodiversity value area outside protected areas • Type of operation (office, manufacturing or production, or extractive) • Size of operational site in square kilometres • Biodiversity value characterised by: - The attribute of the protected area or high biodiversity value area outside the protected area (terrestrial, freshwater, or maritime ecosystem) - Listing of protected status (such as IUCN Protected Area Management Categories, Ramsar Convention, national legislation)	Biodiversity	A lot of Oceana's factories are located near to the high-water mark. We take care to ensure that nesting birds are not disturbed and that birds' nests are removed by SANCCOB before maintenance on roofs is undertaken. Oceana owns 4,2871 ha in Lambert's Bay, 626,9157 ha in St Helena Bay, 4,4023 ha in Hout Bay and 0,464 ha in Humansdorp. Oceana leases 2,1170 ha in Hout Bay, 3,8142 ha in St Helena Bay, 4,6381 ha in Lambert's Bay, 0,3173 ha in Jacobs Bay and 0,1438 ha in Elands Bay.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN12	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS OF ACTIVITIES, PRODUCTS, AND SERVICES ON BIODIVERSITY IN PROTECTED AREAS AND AREAS OF HIGH BIODIVERSITY VALUE OUTSIDE PROTECTED AREAS a. Report the nature of significant direct and indirect impacts on biodiversity with reference to one or more of the following: • Construction or use of manufacturing plants, mines, and transport infrastructure • Pollution (introduction of substances that do not naturally occur in the habitat from point and non-point sources) • Introduction of invasive species, pests, and pathogens • Reduction of species • Habitat conversion • Changes in ecological processes outside the natural range of variation (such as salinity or changes in groundwater level) b. Report significant direct and indirect positive and negative impacts with reference to the following: • Species affected • Extent of areas impacted • Duration of impacts • Reversibility or irroversibility of the impacts	Biodiversity	Oceana's environmental control system requires that an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is in place. Our EMPs reflect the location of the operation and its impact on biodiversity. Scientific reports refer to an ecosystem approach to fishing to minimise impact on biodiversity. We consider each of our unique fisheries, and scientific reports are commissioned on each, which are available on our website. We work both with the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries and independent scientists funded by the industry itself.
G4-EN13	 Reversibility or irreversibility of the impacts HABITATS PROTECTED OR RESTORED Report the size and location of all habitat protected areas or restored areas, and whether the success of the restoration measure was or is approved by independent external professionals. Report whether partnerships exist with third parties to protect or restore habitat areas distinct from where the organisation has overseen and implemented restoration or protection measures. Report on the status of each area based on its condition at the close of the reporting period. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used. 	Biodiversity	Oceana has limited impact on habitats. Where spillages occur, they are contained. Operations avoid interfering with nesting sea birds. At sea our hake vessels take measures to protect the sea bird population and has implemented our Bird Mitigation Plan. Oceana adheres to Marine Protected Areas as well as closed areas regulations. Oceana participates in all relevant scientific working groups to participate in habitat protection strategies. In response to one of the MSC conditions on habitat impact a benthic 'rehabilitation' experiment to monitor the possible recovery of sea life in fallow trawl lanes was conducted earlier this year from a research vessel using a towed camera sled and a benthic grab.
G4-EN14	TOTAL NUMBER OF IUCN RED LIST SPECIES AND NATIONAL CONSERVATION LIST SPECIES WITH HABITATS IN AREAS AFFECTED BY OPERATIONS, BY LEVEL OF EXTINCTION RISK a. Report the total number of IUCN Red List species and national conservation list species with habitats in areas affected by the operations of the organisation, by level of extinction risk: Critically endangered; Endangered; Vulnerable; Near threatened; Least concern	Biodiversity	The African penguin is on the IUCN red list. The ecosystem approach to management of this fishery incorporates the needs of penguins. Commercial fishing rights are measured against the SASSI green list. At sea, our by-catch is managed by our permits and we have a Bird Mitigation Plan.
ASPECT: Emission	ns		·
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Emissions	See Climate Change Risk and Vulnerability Study, page 20 of the SDR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN15	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES DIRECT GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS (SCOPE 1) a. Report gross direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent, independent of any GHG trades, such as purchases, sales, or transfers of offsets or allowances. b. Report gases included in the calculation (whether CO ₂ , CH4, N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, or all). c. Report biogenic CO ₂ emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent separately from the gross direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions. d. Report the chosen base year, the rationale for choosing the base year, emissions in the base year, and the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions. e. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used. f. Report the source of the emission factors used and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used or a reference to the GWP source. g. Report the chosen consolidation approach for emissions (equity share, financial control, operational control).	ASPECT Emissions	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE More detail can be found in our 2014 Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) response available online at www.cdproject.net and in our most recent Carbon Footprint Report on our website
G4-EN16	ENERGY INDIRECT GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS (SCOPE 2) a. Report gross energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent, independent of any GHG trades, such as purchases, sales, or transfers of offsets or allowances. b. Report gases included in the calculation, if available. c. Report the chosen base year, the rationale for choosing the base year, emissions in the base year, and the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions. d. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used. e. Report the source of the emission factors used and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used or a reference to the GWP source, if available. f. Report the chosen consolidation approach for emissions (equity share, financial control, operational control).	Emissions	More detail can be found in our 2014 Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) response available online at www.cdproject.net and in our most recent Carbon Footprint Report on our website
G4-EN17	OTHER INDIRECT GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS (SCOPE 3) a. Report gross other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent, excluding indirect emissions from the generation of purchased or acquired electricity, heating, cooling and steam consumed by the organisation (these indirect emissions are reported in Indicator G4-EN16). Exclude any GHG trades, such as purchases, sales, or transfers of offsets or allowances. b. Report gases included in the calculation, if available. c. Report biogenic CO ₂ emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent separately from the gross other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions. d. Report other indirect (Scope 3) emissions categories and activities included in the calculation. e. Report the chosen base year, the rationale for choosing the base year, emissions in the base year, and the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions. f. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used. g. Report the source of the emission factors used and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used or a reference to the GWP source, if available	Emissions	More detail can be found in our 2014 Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) response available online at www.cdproject.net and in our most recent Carbon Footprint Report on our website

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN18	GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS INTENSITY	Emissions	See GHG Product Intensity table, page 41
	a. Report the GHG emissions intensity ratio.		of the SDR
	b. Report the organisation-specific metric (the ratio denominator)		
	chosen to calculate the ratio.		
	c. Report the types of GHG emissions included in the intensity		
	ratio: direct (Scope 1), energy indirect (Scope 2), other indirect		
	(Scope 3).		
	d. Report gases included in the calculation.		
G4-EN19	REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS	Emissions	Oceana has set short-term, medium-term
	a. Report the amount of GHG emissions reductions achieved as		and long-term targets for GHG emissions
	a direct result of initiatives to reduce emissions, in metric tons		reduction. See environmental efficiency
	of CO ₂ equivalent.		targets on page 19 of the SDR. Further
	b. Report gases included in the calculation (whether CO ₂ , CH4,		detail can be found in the 2014
	N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, or all).		CDP response available online at
	c. Report the chosen base year or baseline and the rationale for		www.cdproject.net and in our most
	choosing it.		recent Carbon Footprint Report on
	d. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		our website
	e. Report whether the reductions in GHG emissions occurred in		
	direct (Scope 1), energy indirect (Scope 2), other indirect		
	(Scope 3) emissions.		
G4-EN20	EMISSIONS OF OZONE-DEPLETING SUBSTANCES (ODS)	Emissions	Oceana Freon emissions were 24 459 kg.
	a. Report production, imports and exports of ODS in metric tons of		See Carbon Footprint Report on our
	CFC-11 equivalent.		website
	b. Report substances included in the calculation.		
	c. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
	d. Report the source of the emission factors used.		
G4-EN21	NO _y , SO _y , AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT AIR EMISSIONS	Emissions	N ₂ O and CH ₄ emissions were 1 073 tons
	a. Report the amount of significant air emissions, in kilograms or		and 3 403 tons respectively. See Carbon
	multiples for each of the following:		Footprint Report. Currently we do not
	• NO _x		report on boiler stack emissions or odorous
	• SO _v		emissions.
	Persistent organic pollutants (POP)		
	Volatile organic compounds (VOC)		
	Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)		
	Particulate matter (PM)		
	 Include emissions from both major mobile sources and 		
	on-site stationary sources		
	Other standard categories of air emissions identified in		
	relevant regulations		
	b. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		
	c. Report the source of the emission factors used.		
ASPECT: Effluents	s and waste		
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Effluents and waste	Oceana is committed to the responsible
	make this aspect material.		management and disposal of waste, and to
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		decreasing the amount of waste generated
	its impacts.		by our operations and products. See Waste
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		Management, page 21 of the SDR
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-EN22	TOTAL WATER DISCHARGE BY QUALITY AND DESTINATION	Effluents and waste	Currently we do not collect data. Where
	a. Report the total volume of planned and unplanned water		water is discharged into the ocean,
	discharges by:		samples are tested and results are sent
	Destination		to the Department of Water Affairs and
	Quality of the water, including treatment method		Forestry.
	Whether it was reused by another organisation		, orostry.
	b. Report standards, methodologies and assumptions used.		

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN23	TOTAL WEIGHT OF WASTE BY TYPE AND DISPOSAL METHOD	Effluents and waste	Total waste disposed was 3 157 tonnes, of
	a. Report the total weight of hazardous and non-hazardous waste,		which 647,76 tonnes was hazardous waste
	by the following disposal methods:		landfill, and the remainder sent to
	Reuse		municipal landfills. See data on waste,
	Recycling		pages 42-43 of the SDR
	 Composting 		
	 Recovery, including energy recovery 		
	 Incineration (mass burn) 		
	Deep well injection		
	Landfill		
	On-site storage		
	Other (to be specified by the organisation)		
	b. Report how the waste disposal method has been determined:		
	 Disposed of directly by the organisation or otherwise directly 		
	confirmed		
	 Information provided by the waste disposal contractor 		
	Organisational defaults of the waste disposal contractor		
G4-EN24	TOTAL NUMBER AND VOLUME OF SIGNIFICANT SPILLS	Effluents and waste	See Environmental Compliance, page 28
	a. Report the total number and total volume of recorded significant		of the SDR, and Compliance box, page 28
	spills. (Significant = hydrocarbon spill > 100 barrels released		
	into the environment; any hydrocarbon spill into a sensitive		
	environment, any non-hydrocarbon spill that has environmental		
	relevance (eg toxicity, salinity etc)		
	b. For spills that were reported in the organisation's financial		
	statements, report the additional following information for each		
	such spill:		
	Location of spill		
	Volume of spill		
	Material of spill, categorised by:		
	Oil spills (soil or water surfaces) Find a pills (soil or water surfaces)		
	Fuel spills (soil or water surfaces) Onite of water (soil any attack of soil and so		
	Spills of wastes (soil or water surfaces) Spills of chamicals (mostly spill or water surfaces)		
	Spills of chemicals (mostly soil or water surfaces) Other (to be appointed by the arrapiaction)		
	Other (to be specified by the organisation) Include spillage of tailings of the organisation Include spillage of the organisation		
	Include spillage of tailings, slimes, or other significant		
	process materials. c. Report the impacts of significant spills.		
	d. Report follow-up to incidents including a description of actions		
	taken to reduce number and seriousness of spills, even at		
	a level before emergency procedures are required.		
G4-EN25	WEIGHT OF TRANSPORTED, IMPORTED, EXPORTED, OR	Effluents and waste	Total waste disposed was 3 157 tonnes, of
G4-ENZ5	TREATED WASTE DEEMED HAZARDOUS UNDER THE TERMS OF	Elliuellis allu waste	which 647,76 tonnes was hazardous waste
	THE BASEL CONVENTION ANNEX I, II, III AND VIII, AND		landfill, and the rest of waste sent to
	PERCENTAGE OF TRANSPORTED WASTE SHIPPED		municipal landfills. See Waste Data,
	INTERNATIONALLY		pages 42-43 of the SDR
	a. Report the total weight for each of the following:		PARCO 12 10 OF THE ODIT
	Hazardous waste transported		
	Hazardous waste transported Hazardous waste imported		
	Hazardous waste imported Hazardous waste exported		
	Hazardous waste exported Hazardous waste treated		
	b. Report the percentage of hazardous waste shipped		
	internationally.		
	intornationary.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN26	IDENTITY, SIZE, PROTECTED STATUS, AND BIODIVERSITY VALUE OF WATER BODIES AND RELATED HABITATS SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECTED BY THE ORGANISATION'S DISCHARGES OF WATER AND RUNOFF a. Report water bodies and related habitats that are significantly affected by water discharges based on the criteria described in the Compilation section below, adding information on: • Size of water body and related habitat • Whether the water body and related habitat are designated as a protected area (nationally or internationally)	Effluents and waste	Each operation discharges water in different ways. The St Helena Bay Water Quality Trust completed a benthic survey. Hout Bay discharges all water to the municipal sewers. Lamberts Bay French Fries plant has potential impact on the sea, with the starch in effluent discharged into the sea. Walvis Bay has its own effluent plant.
	 Biodiversity value (such as total number of protected species) 		
ASPECT: Product:			<u>I</u>
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Products and services	See SDR Section 1: Food Security and Marine Resources, pages 9-11
G4-EN27	EXTENT OF IMPACT MITIGATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES a. Report quantitatively the extent to which environmental impacts of products and services have been mitigated during the reporting period. b. If use-oriented figures are employed, report the underlying assumptions regarding consumption patterns or normalisation factors.	Products and services	Our Lucky Star cans, hake, horse mackerel and lobster packaging material has "please recycle" on the labels. From time to time we run marketing campaigns on how to reuse our products.
G4-EN28	PERCENTAGE OF PRODUCTS SOLD AND THEIR PACKAGING MATERIALS THAT ARE RECLAIMED BY CATEGORY a. Report the percentage of reclaimed products and their packaging materials for each product category. b. Report how the data for this Indicator has been collected.	Products and services	54% by product weight of all Oceana product is exported and cannot be reclaimed. 65% of lobster sales in polystyrene boxes is recycled by the importers.
ASPECT: Complia		T	
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Compliance	The group has a strong board and an experienced management team that maintain a culture of good governance informed by effective risk management and compliance practices, supported by a stable and experienced employee base. See page 2 of the SDR. See government and regulatory authorities in Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests page 30 of the IR.
G4-EN29	MONETARY VALUE OF SIGNIFICANT FINES AND TOTAL NUMBER OF NON-MONETARY SANCTIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS a. Report significant fines and non-monetary sanctions in terms of: Total monetary value of significant fines; Total number of non-monetary sanctions; Cases brought through dispute resolution mechanisms b. Where organisations have not identified any non-compliance with laws or regulations, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.	Compliance	None reported. See <u>Compliance</u> , page 28 of the SDR

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Transp			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Transport	See What We Do, pages 10-11 of the IR
	make this aspect material.		
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		
	its impacts.		
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-EN30	SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF TRANSPORTING	Transport	See Compliance, page 28 of the SDR
	PRODUCTS AND OTHER GOODS AND MATERIALS FOR THE		
	ORGANISATION'S OPERATIONS, AND TRANSPORTING MEMBERS		
	OF THE WORKFORCE		
	a. Report the significant environmental impacts of transporting		
	products and other goods and materials for the organisation's		
	operations, and transporting members of the workforce. Where		
	quantitative data is not provided, report the reason.		
	b. Report how the environmental impacts of transporting products,		
	members of the organisation's workforce, and other goods and		
	materials are mitigated.		
	c. Report the criteria and methodology used to determine which		
	environmental impacts are significant.		
SPECT: Overal			
64-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Overall	It is a business imperative to minimise o
	make this aspect material.		environmental impact in order to protect
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		the environment and maintain our right t
	its impacts.		operate. Our approach to managing
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		environmental issues is reviewed in the
	 The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the 		SDR Section 3: Enhancing Efficiency
	management approach		through Environmental Management
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	 Any related adjustments to the management approach 		
64-EN31	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURES AND	Overall	Oceana is a member of the Responsible
	INVESTMENTS		Fishing Alliance; we contribute R100 00
	BY TYPE		for membership. The Carbon Footprint
	Report total environmental protection expenditures by:		Report, Appendix B, contains detail of al
	W. I. B. J. S. J. J. J. J. B.		our environmental expenditures.
	Waste disposal, emissions treatment, and remediation costs		·
	Prevention and environmental management costs		
	nmental assessment		The second second
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Supplier	Unsafe environmental practices by
	make this aspect material.	environmental	suppliers in respect of raw materials;
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or	assessment	product and services have been identifie
	its impacts.		as part of the top environmental risks.
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		See key Environmental Risks, page 5
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		of the SDR
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-EN32	PERCENTAGE OF NEW SUPPLIERS THAT WERE SCREENED	Supplier	Oceana does not currently measure and
	USING ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA	environmental	report on this parameter
	a. Report the percentage of new suppliers that were screened	assessment	

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-EN33	SIGNIFICANT ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN AND ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the number of suppliers subject to environmental impact assessments. b. Report the number of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative environmental impacts. c. Report the significant actual and potential negative environmental impacts identified in the supply chain. d. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative environmental impacts with which improvements were agreed upon as a result of assessment. e. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having	Supplier environmental assessment	The required key performance measurements are not in place to enable measurement and reporting on this parameter
	significant actual and potential negative environmental impacts with which relationships were terminated as a result of assessment, and why.		
Environmental gri	ievance mechanisms		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management – approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Environmental grievance mechanisms	See Promoting Positive Community Relations, page 61 of the IR
G4-EN34	NUMBER OF GRIEVANCES ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS FILED, ADDRESSED AND RESOLVED THROUGH FORMAL GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS a. Report the total number of grievances about environmental impacts filed through formal grievance mechanisms during the reporting period. b. Of the identified grievances, report how many were: • Addressed during the reporting period • Resolved during the reporting period c. Report the total number of grievances about environmental impacts filed prior to the reporting period that were resolved during the reporting period.	Environmental grievance mechanisms	The Lucky Star odour and noise complaints are logged in a complaints register, which is periodically submitted to the respective licensing authorities. See Responsible Management of Odour and Stack Emissions, page 21 of the SDR
SOCIAL			
LABOUR PRACTIC	ES AND DECENT WORK		
ASPECT: Employn	nent		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Employment	Oceana Group aims to provide employees with opportunities to use their talents to achieve short-term and long-term goals, as well as to attract, retain and develop high-potential individuals. See Optimising our Operations, pages 52-55 of the IR. Oceana addresses each issue in detail in the relevant section of the SDR or IR.
G4-LA1	TOTAL NUMBER AND RATES OF NEW EMPLOYEE HIRES AND EMPLOYEE TURNOVER BY AGE GROUP, GENDER AND REGION a. Report the total number and rate of new employee hires during the reporting period, by age group, gender and region. b. Report the total number and rate of employee turnover during the reporting period, by age group, gender and region.	Employment	Voluntary labour turnover was 2,1%. See Human Resources, pages 52-54 of the IR. Currently Oceana does not report at lower levels of detail.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-LA2	BENEFITS PROVIDED TO FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES THAT ARE NOT PROVIDED TO TEMPORARY OR PART-TIME EMPLOYEES, BY SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the benefits which are standard for full-time employees of the organisation but are not provided to temporary or part-time employees, by significant locations of operation. These include, as a minimum: Life insurance; Health care; Disability and invalidity coverage; Parental leave; Retirement provision; Stock ownership; Others b. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'.	Employment	This information is available on request.
G4-LA3	RETURN TO WORK AND RETENTION RATES AFTER PARENTAL LEAVE, BY GENDER a. Report the total number of employees that were entitled to parental leave, by gender. b. Report the total number of employees that took parental leave, by gender. c. Report the total number of employees who returned to work after parental leave ended, by gender. d. Report the total number of employees who returned to work after parental leave ended who were still employed twelve months after their return to work, by gender. e. Report the return to work and retention rates of employees who took parental leave, by gender.	Employment	We do not report specifically on the link between turnover rates and parental leave as this is not seen as being material, and the low voluntary turnover figures would suggest this to be the case.
ASPECT: Labour/N	Management relations		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Labour/Management relations	See SDR Section 4: <u>Building Trust with</u> our Stakeholders – employees, page 25, and the Unionised <u>Workforce graph</u> , page 33
G4-LA4	MINIMUM NOTICE PERIODS REGARDING OPERATIONAL CHANGES, INCLUDING WHETHER THESE ARE SPECIFIED IN COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS a. Report the minimum number of weeks' notice typically provided to employees and their elected representatives prior to the implementation of significant operational changes that could substantially affect them. b. For organisations with collective bargaining agreements, report whether the notice period and provisions for consultation and negotiation are specified in collective agreements.	Labour/Management relations	Oceana adheres to all labour legislation relevant to the countries in which it operates.
ASPECT: Occupat	ional health and safety		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Occupational health and safety	See Our Material Risks, threat to health and safety of employees as risk 9, page 35

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-LA5	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL WORKFORCE REPRESENTED IN	Occupational health	Health and safety committees are in place
	FORMAL JOINT MANAGEMENT-WORKER HEALTH AND SAFETY	and safety	in line with the requirements of the
	COMMITTEES THAT HELP MONITOR AND ADVISE ON		Occupational Health and Safety Act.
	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAMMES		See Ensuring Occupational Health and
	a. Report the level at which each formal joint management-worker		Safety, page 17 of the SDR
	health and safety committee typically operates within the		
	organisation.		
	b. Report the percentage of the total workforce represented in		
	formal joint management-worker health and safety committees.		
G4-LA6	TYPE OF INJURY AND RATES OF INJURY, OCCUPATIONAL	Occupational health	The Group Disabling Injury Frequency Rate
	DISEASES, LOST DAYS, AND ABSENTEEISM, AND TOTAL	and safety	(DIFR) was 0,5. See DIFR graph by
	NUMBER OF WORK-RELATED FATALITIES, BY REGION AND		Division on page 36 of the SDR.
	BY GENDER		Absenteeism was 3,1%.
	a. Report types of injury, injury rate (IR), occupational diseases		See Absenteeism by Division, on page 33
	rate (ODR), lost day rate (LDR), absentee rate (AR) and		of the SDR
	work-related fatalities, for the total workforce (that is, total		
	employees plus supervised workers) by region and by gender		
	b. Report types of injury, injury rate (IR), occupational diseases		
	rate (ODR), lost day rate (LDR), absentee rate (AR) and		
	work-related fatalities for independent contractors working on		
	site to whom the organisation is liable for the general safety of		
	the working environment, by region and by gender		
	c. Report the system of rules applied in recording and reporting		
	accident statistics.		
	d. Provide a description of each accident resulting in a fatality,		
	and actions taken following the accident. These may be		
	aggregated where the causes of accidents or the actions taken		
	are similar.		
G4-LA7	WORKERS WITH HIGH INCIDENCE OR HIGH RISK OF DISEASES	Occupational health	The operational sites provide clinic
	RELATED TO THEIR OCCUPATION	and safety	facilities. These clinics provide
	a. Report whether there are workers who are involved in		occupational healthcare to employees.
	occupational activities that have a high incidence or high risk of		An employee assistance programme is
	specific diseases.		managed by a wellness partner Kaelo.
			See Employee Wellness, page 17 of the
			SDR
G4-LA8	HEALTH AND SAFETY TOPICS COVERED IN FORMAL	Occupational health	Recognition agreements with unions in the
	AGREEMENTS WITH TRADE UNIONS	and safety	Lucky Star and BCP divisions cover health
	a. Report whether formal agreements (either local or global) with		and safety issues.
	trade unions cover health and safety.		See Ensuring Occupational Health and
	b. If yes, report the extent, as a percentage, to which various		Safety, page 27 of the SDR
	health and safety topics are covered by these agreements.		
ASPECT: Training	and education		
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Training and	See Skills Development and Talent
	make this aspect material.	education	Pipeline, page 16 of the SDR
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		
	its impacts.		
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-LA9	AVERAGE HOURS OF TRAINING PER YEAR PER EMPLOYEE BY	Training and	See Average Hours trained per Employee
S. L. ()	GENDER AND BY EMPLOYEE CATEGORY	education	in South Africa, page 34 of the SDR
	a. Report the average hours of training that the organisation's	Caucation	m coath Alliea, page 54 of the 5010
	employees have undertaken during the reporting period, by		
	Gender and by employee category		
	dender and by employee category	1	The second secon

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-LA10	PROGRAMMES FOR SKILLS MANAGEMENT AND LIFELONG LEARNING THAT SUPPORT THE CONTINUED EMPLOYABILITY OF EMPLOYEES AND ASSIST THEM IN MANAGING CAREER ENDINGS a. Report on the type and scope of programmes implemented and assistance provided to upgrade employee skills. b. Report on the transition assistance programmes provided to facilitate continued employability and the management of career endings resulting from retirement or termination	Training and education	Adult education and training, leadership and supervisory training, maritime, health and safety, technical, diversity/equity training programmes are all in place. See Expenditure on Training, page 33 of the SDR
	of employment.		
G4-LA11	PERCENTAGE OF EMPLOYEES RECEIVING REGULAR PERFORMANCE AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT REVIEWS, BY GENDER AND BY EMPLOYEE CATEGORY a. Report the percentage of total employees by gender and by employee category who received a regular performance and career development review during the reporting period.	Training and education	97% of our non-bargaining unit employees completed individual performance agreements, compared to 78% in 2013, page 53 of the IR
ASPECT: Diversit	y and equal opportunity		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Diversity and equal opportunity	See Employment Equity Policy, page 27, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR.
G4-LA12	COMPOSITION OF GOVERNANCE BODIES AND BREAKDOWN OF EMPLOYEES PER EMPLOYEE CATEGORY ACCORDING TO GENDER, AGE GROUP, MINORITY GROUP MEMBERSHIP, AND OTHER INDICATORS OF DIVERSITY a. Report the percentage of individuals within the organisation's governance bodies in each of the following diversity categories: • Gender • Age group: under 30 years, 30-50 years, over 50 years • Minority groups • Other indicators of diversity where relevant b. Report the percentage of employees per employee category in each of the following diversity categories: • Gender • Age group: under 30 years, 30-50 years, over 50 years • Minority groups • Other indicators of diversity where relevant	Diversity and equal opportunity	See Group Equity Profile, page 35 of the SDR
ASPECT: Equal re	emuneration for women and men		<u> </u>
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Equal remuneration for women and men	All remuneration practices are guided by our remuneration policy. Equal pay is provided for both men and women in line with the skills, position and relevant experience and is guided by the remunerations policy. It is company policy not to discriminate on the grounds of gender.
G4-LA13	RATIO OF BASIC SALARY AND REMUNERATION OF WOMEN TO MEN BY EMPLOYEE CATEGORY, BY SIGNIFICANT LOCATIONS OF OPERATION a. Report the ratio of the basic salary and remuneration of women to men for each employee category, by significant locations of operation. b. Report the definition used for 'significant locations of operation'.	Equal remuneration for women and men	This is not currently reported. Oceana's human resources management principles are based on equal opportunity and non-discrimination. As a signatory to the UNGC, Oceana upholds the core principles contained in the 1998 Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, including (in this context) the principle relating to non-discrimination on the basis of gender.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Supplier	assessment for labour practices		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Supplier assessment for labour practices	Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect. See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR
G4-LA 14	PERCENTAGE OF NEW SUPPLIERS THAT WERE SCREENED USING LABOUR PRACTICES CRITERIA a. Report the percentage of new suppliers that were screened using labour practices criteria.	Supplier assessment for labour practices	Currently not measured and reported
G4-LA15	SIGNIFICANT ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE IMPACTS FOR LABOUR PRACTICES IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN AND ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the number of suppliers subject to impact assessments for labour practices. b. Report the number of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts for labour practices. c. Report the significant actual and potential negative impacts for labour practices identified in the supply chain. d. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts for labour practices with which improvements were agreed upon as a result of assessment. e. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts for labour practices with which relationships were terminated as a result of assessment, and why.	Supplier assessment for labour practices	Currently not measured and reported
ASPECT: Labour p	ractices grievance mechanisms		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Labour practices grievance mechanisms	Our approach to managing labour issues is reviewed in our group and subsidiaries' governance framework, page 91 of the IR SDR Section 2: Empowering People
G4-LA16	NUMBER OF GRIEVANCES ABOUT LABOUR PRACTICES FILED ADDRESSED AND RESOLVED THROUGH FORMAL GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS a. Report the total number of grievances about labour practices filed through formal grievance mechanisms during the reporting period. b. Of the identified grievances, report how many were: • Addressed during the reporting period • Resolved during the reporting period c. Report the total number of grievances about labour practices filed prior to the reporting period that were resolved during the reporting period.	Labour practices grievance mechanisms	No grievance filed in current reporting period. One grievance was filed in previous reporting period and resoled in current reporting period.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
HUMAN RIGHTS			
ASPECT: Investme		Ι	T
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material.b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts.	Investment	See responsibilities in the section on Social, Ethics and Transformation, page 102 of the IR
	Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach		
	 The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 		
G4-HR1	TOTAL NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT INCLUDE HUMAN RIGHTS CLAUSES OR THAT UNDERWENT HUMAN RIGHTS SCREENING a. Report the total number and percentage of significant investment agreements and contracts that include human rights clauses or that underwent human rights screening. b. Report the definition of 'significant investment agreements' used by the organisation.	Investment	Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect. See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR
G4-HR2	TOTAL HOURS OF EMPLOYEE TRAINING ON HUMAN RIGHTS POLICIES OR PROCEDURES CONCERNING ASPECTS OF HUMAN RIGHTS THAT ARE RELEVANT TO OPERATIONS, INCLUDING THE PERCENTAGE OF EMPLOYEES TRAINED a. Report the total number of hours in the reporting period devoted to training on human rights policies or procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to operations. b. Report the percentage of employees in the reporting period trained in human rights policies or procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to operations.	Investment	Currently not reported. The new human rights policy will be rolled out to all staff during 2015.
ASPECT: Non-dis		T	
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Non-discrimination	Oceana's human rights policy is in place, aimed at promoting equality of opportunity and combating discrimination. See Equity Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR
G4-HR3	TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF DISCRIMINATION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the total number of incidents of discrimination during the reporting period. b. Report the status of the incidents and the actions taken with reference to the following: • Incident reviewed by the organisation • Remediation plans being implemented • Remediation plans having been implemented and results reviewed through routine internal management review processes • Incident no longer subject to action	Non-discrimination	Oceana experienced no grievances pertaining to human rights in the year under review. See responsibilities in the section Social, Ethics and Transformation, page 102 of the IR
ASPECT: Freedom	of association and collective bargaining		1
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: • The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach • The results of the evaluation of the management approach • Any related adjustments to the management approach	Freedom of association and collective bargaining	See <u>Positive Employee Relationships</u> , page 60 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-HR4	OPERATIONS AND SUPPLIERS IDENTIFIED IN WHICH THE RIGHT TO EXERCISE FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING MAY BE VIOLATED OR AT SIGNIFICANT RISK, AND MEASURES TAKEN TO SUPPORT THESE RIGHTS a. Report operations and suppliers in which employee rights to exercise freedom of association or collective bargaining may be violated or at significant risk either in terms of: • Type of operation (such as manufacturing plant) and supplier • Countries or geographical areas with operations and suppliers considered at risk • Report measures taken by the organisation in the reporting period intended to support rights to exercise freedom of association and collective bargaining. c. Report how the organisation's freedom of association policy is implemented in practice.	Freedom of association and collective bargaining	No incidents reported during the year under review. Oceana has HR policies covering these issues, respects the Bill of Rights and is a UNGC signatory. We uphold the rights embedded in these provisions as well as the International Labour Organisation.
ASPECT: Child lab			
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Child labour	See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect.
G4-HR5	OPERATIONS AND SUPPLIERS IDENTIFIED AS HAVING SIGNIFICANT RISK FOR INCIDENTS OF CHILD LABOUR, AND MEASURES TAKEN TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE EFFECTIVE ABOLITION OF CHILD LABOUR a. Report operations and suppliers considered to have significant risk for incidents of:	Child labour	No incidents of child labour were reported in our own operations. We have appointed a head of procurement to oversee supplier compliance.
ASPECT: Forced of	or compulsory labour		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Forced or compulsory labour	See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-HR6	OPERATIONS AND SUPPLIERS IDENTIFIED AS HAVING	Forced or compulsory	Not material as our operations do not pose
	SIGNIFICANT RISK FOR INCIDENTS OF FORCED OR	labour	such a risk.
	COMPULSORY LABOUR, AND MEASURES TO CONTRIBUTE TO		
	THE ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF FORCED OR COMPULSORY		
	LABOUR		
	a. Report operations and suppliers considered to have significant		
	risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labour either in		
	terms of:		
	Type of operation (such as manufacturing plant) and supplier		
	Countries or geographical areas with operations and		
	suppliers considered at risk b. Report measures taken by the organisation in the reporting		
	period intended to contribute to the elimination of all forms		
	of forced or compulsory labour.		
ASPECT: Security			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Security practices	This is addressed as part of our risk
G4-DIVIA	make this aspect material.	Security practices	management practices, reviewed on
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		pages 96-97 of the IR
	its impacts.		pages 90-97 of the fix
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-HR7	PERCENTAGE OF SECURITY PERSONNEL TRAINED IN THE	Security practices	In future, all companies contracted by
	ORGANISATION'S HUMAN RIGHTS POLICIES OR PROCEDURES	, ,	Oceana will be trained in the human rights
	THAT ARE RELEVANT TO OPERATIONS		policy of the group. This will include
	a. Report the percentage of security personnel who have received		companies we contact to carry out security
	formal training in the organisation's human rights policies or		services.
	specific procedures and their application to security.		
	b. Report whether training requirements also apply to third-party		
	organisations providing security		
ASPECT: Indigeno			
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Indigenous rights	Our approach to respecting human rights
	make this aspect material.		is reviewed on page 55 of the IR and on
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		page 16 of the SDR
	its impacts.		
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-HR8	TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF VIOLATIONS INVOLVING	Indigenous rights	No incidents reported during the year
G+ TINO	RIGHTS OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES AND ACTIONS TAKEN	margenous rights	under review.
	a. Report the total number of identified incidents of violations		and review.
	involving the rights of indigenous peoples during the reporting		
	period.		
	b. Report the status of the incidents and actions taken with		
	reference to:		
	Incident reviewed by the organisation		
	Remediation plans being implemented		
	Remediation plans having been implemented and results		
	reviewed through routine internal management review		
	processes		
	 Incident no longer subject to action 		

	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Assessn	nent		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Assessment	Our approach to respecting human rights is reviewed on page 55 of the IR and on page 16 of the SDR
G4-HR9	TOTAL NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF OPERATIONS THAT HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO HUMAN RIGHTS REVIEWS OR IMPACT ASSESSMENTS a. Report the total number and percentage of operations that have been subject to human rights reviews or human rights impact assessments, by country.	Assessment	Oceana undertook a human rights self-assessment exercise to establish a base line. See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR.
	human rights assessment	1	
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Supplier human rights assessment	Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect. See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR.
G4-HR10	PERCENTAGE OF NEW SUPPLIERS THAT WERE SCREENED USING HUMAN RIGHTS CRITERIA a. Report the percentage of new suppliers that were screened using human rights criteria.	Supplier human rights assessment	Not currently measured and reported
G4-HR11	SIGNIFICANT ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACTS IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN AND ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the number of suppliers subject to human rights impact assessments. b. Report the number of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative human rights impacts. c. Report the significant actual and potential negative human rights impacts identified in the supply chain. d. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative human rights impacts with which improvements were agreed upon as a result of assessment. e. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative human rights impacts with which relationships were terminated as a result of assessment, and why.	Supplier human rights assessment	Not currently measured and reported
ASPECT: Human i	rights grievance mechanisms		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Human rights grievance mechanisms	See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 o the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4HR-12	NUMBER OF GRIEVANCES ABOUT HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACTS FILED, ADDRESSED AND RESOLVED THROUGH FORMAL GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS a. Report the total number of grievances about human rights impacts filed through formal grievance mechanisms during the reporting period. b. Of the identified grievances, report how many were: • Addressed during the reporting period • Resolved during the reporting period c. Report the total number of grievances about human rights impacts filed prior to the reporting period that were resolved during the reporting period.	Human rights grievance mechanisms	Oceana experienced no grievances pertaining to human rights in the year under review. See responsibilities in the Social, Ethics and Transformation section, page 102 of the IR
SOCIETY	daming the reporting period.		
ASPECT: Local co	mmunities		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Local communities	Oceana engages in meaningful stakeholder engagement, especially with the west coast communities surrounding our operations. We identify new opportunities and implement social investment initiatives. Corruption and anti-competitive behaviour are both managed by our code of business conduct and ethics as well as our anti-corruption and bribery policy.
G4-S01	COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT, IMPACT ASSESSMENTS, AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES a. Report the percentage of operations with implemented local community engagement, impact assessments, and development programmes, including the use of: • Social impact assessments, including gender impact assessments, based on participatory processes • Environmental impact assessments and ongoing monitoring • Public disclosure of results of environmental and social impact assessments • Local community development programmes based on local communities' needs • Stakeholder engagement plans based on stakeholder mapping • Broad-based local community consultation committees and processes that include vulnerable groups • Works councils, occupational health and safety committees and other employee representation bodies to deal with impacts • Formal local community grievance processes b. Report whether there are programmes in place for assessing the impacts of operations on local communities • Community economic development planning processes, including sources of community income, community access to services and social infrastructure, access to capital and natural resources, and access to further education and skills training • Co-ordination with other agencies, for example on poverty alleviation and natural resource management • Procedures for identifying and protecting subsistence-related resources of local community health and well-being, including prevalence of cultural practices and associations	Local communities	See Understanding our Stakeholders' Interests, pages 32-34, and Building Trusted Relationships, pages 60-63 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-S02	PERCENTAGE OF OPERATIONS WITH SIGNIFICANT ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE IMPACTS ON LOCAL COMMUNITIES a. Report operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities, including: • The location of the operations • The significant actual and potential negative impacts of operations	Local communities	See Responsible Management of Odour and Stack Emissions, page 21 of the SDR
ASPECT: Anti-cor	ruption		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Anti-corruption	See responsibilities of anti-corruption, ethics and compliance in the Social, Ethics and Transformation review, page 103 of the IR
G4-S03	TOTAL NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF OPERATIONS ASSESSED FOR RISKS RELATED TO CORRUPTION AND THE SIGNIFICANT RISKS IDENTIFIED a. Report the total number and percentage of operations assessed for risks related to corruption. b. Report the significant risks related to corruption identified through the risk assessment.	Anti-corruption	The social, ethics and transformation committee considers corporate citizenship (including corruption). Each month the risk management process captures any instances of corruption. In addition, the Whistle Blowers hotline is available for staff members to report corruption.
G4-S04	COMMUNICATION AND TRAINING ON ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES a. Report the total number and percentage of governance body members that the organisation's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to, broken down by region. b. Report the total number and percentage of employees that the organisation's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to, broken down by employee category and region. c. Report the total number and percentage of business partners that the organisation's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to, broken down by type of business partner and region. d. Report the total number and percentage of governance body members that have received training on anti-corruption, broken down by region. e. Report the total number and percentage of employees that have received training on anti-corruption, broken down by employee category and region.	Anti-corruption	Compulsory training was arranged for all employees with computers and internet access on Oceana's code of business conduct and ethics, and Oceana's compliance policy. A total of 530 employees completed the training. See the Oceana UNGC COP 2014
G4-S05	CONFIRMED INCIDENTS OF CORRUPTION AND ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the total number and nature of confirmed incidents of corruption. b. Report the total number of confirmed incidents in which employees were dismissed or disciplined for corruption. c. Report the total number of confirmed incidents when contracts with business partners were terminated or not renewed due to violations related to corruption. d. Report public legal cases regarding corruption brought against the organisation or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of such cases.	Anti-corruption	During the year and through the Whistle Blowers programme, a total of 16 calls were received requiring no action, three matters were reported requiring investigation and disciplinary action was taken against one employee. Three employees were dismissed for incidents, of which two involved corrupt activities, one involved theft and one employee was dismissed for fraudulent conduct. A further six employees were disciplined for corruption and fraudrelated offences. See the Oceana Oceana UNGC COP 2014

	R GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Publi	<u> </u>		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Public policy	See Engaging with Government and Regulatory Officials, page 61 of the IR
G4-S06	TOTAL VALUE OF POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY COUNTRY AND RECIPIENT/BENEFICIARY a. Report the total monetary value of financial and in-kind political contributions made directly and indirectly by the organisation, by country and recipient/beneficiary. b. Report how the monetary value of in-kind contributions was estimated, if applicable.	Public policy	None were made during the year under review
ASPECT: Anti-	competitive behaviour		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Anti-competitive behaviour	All eligible employees undergo comprehensive training on Competition Law. See Social, Ethics and Transformation, Anti-corruption, Ethics and Compliance, page 103 of the IR
G4-S07	TOTAL NUMBER OF LEGAL ACTIONS FOR ANTI-COMPETITIVE BEHAVIOUR, ANTI-TRUST, AND MONOPOLY PRACTICES AND THEIR OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of legal actions pending or completed during the reporting period regarding anti- competitive behaviour and violations of anti-trust and monopoly legislation in which the organisation has been identified as a participant. b. Report the main outcomes of completed legal actions, including any decisions or judgements.	Anti-competitive behaviour	See Compliance with Laws and Regulations, page 92 of the IR
ASPECT: Comp			
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Compliance	See Compliance with Laws and Regulations, page 92 of the IR
G4-S08	MONETARY VALUE OF SIGNIFICANT FINES AND TOTAL NUMBER OF NON-MONETARY SANCTIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS a. Report significant fines and non-monetary sanctions in terms of: • Total monetary value of significant fines • Total number of non-monetary sanctions • Cases brought through dispute resolution mechanisms b. If the organisation has not identified any non-compliance with laws or regulations, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient. c. Report the context against which significant fines and non-monetary sanctions were incurred. d. Report a summary of judgements made against the organisation in the areas related to health and safety and labour laws.	Compliance	Regulatory penalties amounting to R10 000 were paid in respect of customs and excise documentation, page 92 of the IR

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Supplier	assessment for impacts on society		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Supplier assessment for impacts on society	Special attention and focus may be required in the supply chain management category. Appointing a head of procurement to oversee compliance in our supply chain has been one of our strategic responses to meet compliance against the human rights standards in this respect. See Respecting Human Rights, page 55 of the IR, and Equity, Diversity and Human Rights, page 16 of the SDR
G4-S09	PERCENTAGE OF NEW SUPPLIERS THAT WERE SCREENED USING CRITERIA FOR IMPACTS ON SOCIETY a. Report the percentage of new suppliers that were screened using criteria for impacts on society.	Supplier assessment for impacts on society	No reporting
G4-S010	 SIGNIFICANT ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE IMPACTS ON SOCIETY IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN AND ACTIONS TAKEN a. Report the number of suppliers subject to assessments for impacts on society. b. Report the number of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts on society. c. Report the significant actual and potential negative impacts on society identified in the supply chain. d. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts on society with which improvements were agreed upon as a result of assessment. e. Report the percentage of suppliers identified as having significant actual and potential negative impacts on society with which relationships were terminated as a result of assessment, and why. 	Supplier assessment for impacts on society	No reporting
ASPECT: Grievano	e mechanisms for impacts on society		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Grievance mechanisms for impacts on society	See Promoting Positive Community Relations, page 61 of the IR
G4-S011	NUMBER OF GRIEVANCES ABOUT IMPACTS ON SOCIETY FILED, ADDRESSED, AND RESOLVED THROUGH FORMAL GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS a. Report the total number of grievances about impacts on society filed through formal grievance mechanisms during the reporting period. b. Of the identified grievances, report how many were: • Addressed during the reporting period • Resolved during the reporting period c. Report the total number of grievances about impacts on society filed prior to the reporting period that were resolved during the reporting period.	Grievance mechanisms for impacts on society	The Lucky Star odour and noise complaints are logged in a complaints register, which is periodically submitted to the respective licensing authorities. See Responsible Management of Odour and Stack Emissions, page 21 of the SDR

	R GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
PRODUCT RESP			
	ner health and safety	1	
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach 	Customer health and safety	Oceana recognises food safety as a business risk. Internal systems, third-party audits, product recall processes and a proactive media engagement strategy are in place. See <u>Building Trusting Relations</u> , <u>Customers</u> , page 24 of the IR
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
G4-PR1	PERCENTAGE OF SIGNIFICANT PRODUCT AND SERVICE CATEGORIES FOR WHICH HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPACTS ARE ASSESSED FOR IMPROVEMENT a. Report the percentage of significant product and service categories for which health and safety impacts are assessed for improvement.	Customer health and safety	Food safety is a key focus across all Oceana divisions. Each has its own specific response. See <u>Building Trusting Relations</u> , <u>Customers</u> , page 24 of the IR
G4-PR2	TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING THE HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPACTS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES DURING THEIR LIFE CYCLE, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services within the reporting period, by: • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning • Incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes b. If the organisation has not identified any non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.	Customer health and safety	There were no incidents this year in which we received written notification of a non-compliance from the regulatory authorities.
ASPECT: Produc	ct and service labelling		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Product and service labelling	All our food products are governed by stric food safety laws and the Consumer Protection Act and these are highly regulated. Products exported to Europe must comply with EU food regulations. A customer complaints line exists and results are discussed for the Lucky Star products.
G4-PR3	TYPE OF PRODUCT AND SERVICE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE ORGANISATION'S PROCEDURES FOR PRODUCT AND SERVICE INFORMATION AND LABELLING, AND PERCENTAGE OF SIGNIFICANT PRODUCT AND SERVICE CATEGORIES SUBJECT TO SUCH INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS a. Report whether the following product and service information is required by the organisation's procedures for product and service information and labelling (Yes/No): • The sourcing of components of the product or service • Content, particularly with regard to substances that might produce an environmental or social impact • Safe use of the product or service • Disposal of the product and environmental/social impacts • Other (explain) b. Report the percentage of significant product or service categories covered by and assessed for compliance with such procedures.	Product and service labelling	All our food products are governed by stric food safety laws and the Consumer Protection Act and these are highly regulated. Products exported to Europe must comply with EU food regulations.

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
G4-PR4	TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH	Product and service	None were reported during the year under
	REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING	labelling	review.
	PRODUCT AND SERVICE INFORMATION AND LABELLING, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES		
	a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with		
	regulations and voluntary codes concerning product and service		
	information and labelling, by:		
	Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in		
	a fine or penalty		
	 Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting 		
	in a warning		
	Incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes		
	b. If the organisation has not identified any non-compliance with		
	regulations and voluntary codes, a brief statement of this fact		
G4-PR5	is sufficient. RESULTS OF SURVEYS MEASURING CUSTOMER SATISFACTION	Product and service	The Lucky Ster brend feetured in the
G4-PK5	a. Report the results or key conclusions of customer satisfaction	labelling	The Lucky Star brand featured in the Top 10 in the overall favourite brand
	surveys (based on statistically relevant sample sizes) conducted	labelling	category in the Sunday Times TNS
	in the reporting period relating to information about:		Top Brands survey.
	The organisation as a whole		
	A major product or service category		
	Significant locations of operation		
ASPECT: Material	ls stewardship		
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Materials stewardship	Renewable natural resources are material,
	make this aspect material.		See What We Do, page 10 of the IR. The
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		consumption of non-renewable material is
	its impacts.		reported in the resource table on page 45
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		of the SDR
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		
	 management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach 		
	Any related adjustments to the management approach		
ASPECT: Marketin	ng communications		
G4-DMA	a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that	Marketing	The social, ethics and transformation
	make this aspect material.	communications	committee is responsible for consumer
	b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or		relationships, including advertising, publi
	its impacts.		relations and compliance with consumer
	c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including:		protection laws. See The Committee's Rol
	The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the		and Responsibilities, page 102 of the IR
	management approach		
	The results of the evaluation of the management approach Appropriated adjustments to the management approach.		
C4 DD6	Any related adjustments to the management approach SALE OF BANNED OR DISPUTED PRODUCTS.	Markating	The social othics and transformation
G4-PR6	SALE OF BANNED OR DISPUTED PRODUCTS a. Report whether the organisation sells products that are:	Marketing communications	The social, ethics and transformation committee is responsible for consumer
	Banned in certain markets	Communications	relationships, including advertising, public
			relations and compliance with consumer
	 The subject of stakeholder questions or public debate 		
	The subject of stakeholder questions or public debate Report how the organisation has responded to questions or		· ·
	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products.	Marketing	protection laws. See page 102 of the IR
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or	Marketing communications	protection laws. See page 102 of the IR
G4-PR7	B. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	Beport how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	Beport how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	B. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	B. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	B. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by:		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	 b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting 		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning • Incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under
G4-PR7	b. Report how the organisation has responded to questions or concerns regarding these products. TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS AND VOLUNTARY CODES CONCERNING MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, PROMOTION, AND SPONSORSHIP, BY TYPE OF OUTCOMES a. Report the total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty • Incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning		protection laws. See page 102 of the IR None were reported during the year under

G4 INDICATOR	GRI G4 – GENERAL STANDARD DISCLOSURES	ASPECT	OCEANA'S 2014 RESPONSE
ASPECT: Custome	er privacy		
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Customer privacy	The social, ethics and transformation committee is responsible for consumer relationships, including advertising, public relations and compliance with consumer protection laws. See page 102 of the IR
G4-PR8	TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBSTANTIATED COMPLAINTS REGARDING BREACHES OF CUSTOMER PRIVACY AND LOSSES OF CUSTOMER DATA a. Report the total number of substantiated complaints received concerning breaches of customer privacy, categorised by: • Complaints received from outside parties and substantiated by the organisation • Complaints from regulatory bodies b. Report the total number of identified leaks, thefts, or losses of customer data. c. If the organisation has not identified any substantiated complaints, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.	Customer privacy	None were reported during the year under review.
ASPECT: Complia			
G4-DMA	 a. Report why the aspect is material. Report the impacts that make this aspect material. b. Report how the organisation manages the material aspect or its impacts. c. Report the evaluation of the management approach, including: The mechanisms for evaluating the effectiveness of the management approach The results of the evaluation of the management approach Any related adjustments to the management approach 	Compliance	See Compliance with Laws and Regulations, page 92 of the IR
G4-PR9	MONETARY VALUE OF SIGNIFICANT FINES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE PROVISION AND USE OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES a. Report the total monetary value of significant fines for non-compliance with laws and regulations concerning the provision and use of products and services. b. If the organisation has not identified any non-compliance with laws or regulations, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.	Compliance	Regulatory penalties amounting to R10 000 were paid in respect of customs and excise documentation, page 92 of the IR